

### Section 3.3

#### Measures of Central Tendency and Dispersion from Grouped Data

#### Objectives

- Approximate the mean of a variable from grouped data
- Compute the weighted mean
- Approximate the standard deviation of a variable from grouped data

The National Survey of Student Engagement is a survey that (among other things) asked first year students at liberal arts colleges how much time they spend preparing for class each week. The results from the 2007 survey are summarized below. Approximate the mean number of hours spent preparing for class each week.

12045

Hours	0	1-5	6-10	11-15	16-20	21-25	26-30	31-35
Frequency	0	130	250	230	180	100	60	50

\* First determine the class midpoint of each class. The class midpoint is found by adding consecutive lower class limits and dividing the result by 2

$$\frac{1+6}{2} = 3.5$$

$L_1$	$L_2$	
3.5	130	
8.5	250	$\bar{X} = 14.75$
13.5	230	
18.5	180	
23.5	100	
28.5	60	
33.5	50	

Approximate the standard deviation number of hours spent preparing for class each week.

Hours	0	1-5	6-10	11-15	16-20	21-25	26-30	31-35
Frequency	0	130	250	230	180	100	60	50

$$S_x = 8.1$$

$L_1$   $L_2$   
Midpoints  
Freq  
1-Var State  $L_1, L_2$

Bob goes to the "Buy the Weigh" Nut store and creates his own bridge mix. He combines 1 pound of raisins, 2 pounds of chocolate covered peanuts, and 1.5 pounds of cashews. The raisins cost \$1.25 per pound, the chocolate covered peanuts cost \$3.25 per pound, and the cashews cost \$5.40 per pound. What is the cost per pound of this mix?

$L_1$	$L_2$	
1.25	1	$\bar{X} = \$3.52$ per pound
3.25	2	
5.40	1.5	